



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL RAMPURHAT

MID-TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: ENGLISH

CLASS – VI

Time Allowed: 3hrs. 15mins.

Max. Marks: 80

General Instructions:

(i) First 15 minutes are allowed only for reading the question paper.

Students must NOT start writing during this time.

(ii) This question paper consists of 4 printed pages.

Section A - WRITING

1. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

(1X5=5)

When the Industrial Revolution hit Europe in the nineteenth century, the world hailed the advent of a glorious new age. It was a brave new world - a world of steam engines and motor cars. Then came aeroplanes, spacecrafts and finally, computers! Great cities all over the world echoed with the sound of factory sirens and the roar of machinery!

Little did anyone foresee the havoc that was to be caused by this attack on nature. It was left to a few lost souls of wilderness who spoke to us as prophets of doom. But their cries were submerged in the black smoke rushing out from the tall chimneys of a million industrial houses and drowned by the din of metallic monsters.

Today, our planet has reached a stage when environmental pollution is threatening to destroy it. Try to imagine a time when there will be no flowers, no butterflies, no fish; when the rain will be black in colour. This could soon become a reality if we do not take immediate steps to stop pollution. Today, rivers are drying up and instead of forests, we have concrete jungles.

We must grow more trees. Stop killing wild animals. Avoid plastic bags. Stop littering. Use less petrol, use more environmental- friendly products - the list of do's and don'ts is endless. We must all do our bit towards achieving a pollution- free- environment- otherwise we will be destroyed by a monster of our own creation.

- a) What would it be like if environmental pollution destroys nature?
- b) What can be done to control environmental pollution?
- c) What is 'the monster of our own creation'?
- d) What imagination was done in the passage to remind one to take immediate steps to stop pollution?
- e) Give a suitable title for the passage.

2. Write a message on the following topic:

(5X1=5)

Write a message to your friend Rakhi telling that your friend Riya from your dance class called and informed you that, today's dance class is cancelled since the teacher has a family emergency. It will now be held on next Sunday.

3. A. Write a letter to your elder sister describing about the winter carnival held in your school.

(5X1=5)

OR

B. Write a letter to your younger brother who has grown very weak due to some illness. Suggest ways how he can improve his health.

SECTION B - ENGLISH LANGUAGE

4. Complete the sentences with appropriate collective nouns from the options given below:

(1X3=3)

(Plague, colony, bouquet, brood, band, clump, flight, parliament, school, army, battery, bench, company, congregation)

- a) Each of the guests was greeted with a _____ of flowers.
- b) The hunter was attacked on the foot by an _____ of ants and he missed his target.
- c) The haunted building was visited by a _____ of owls every night.

5. Rewrite the sentences using articles:

(1X5=5)

- a. River Ganga is in India.
- b. He wants to become architect.
- c. Stitch in time saves nine.
- d. king of the country came to Peter's hut.
- e. It is common mistake to confuse crocodiles and alligators.

6. Underline the verbs and state it's type:

(1X3=3)

- a) The lilies in Mrs. Lesley's garden look beautiful.
- b) Was Shirley absent yesterday?
- c) This year, we will paint our house mauve.

7. Underline the verbs and identify the Subject Complement or Object Complement in the following sentences:

(1X3=3)

- a. People should be kind towards animals.
- b. The teacher handed us the answer sheets.
- c. The principal selected Rajnish to be the school captain.

8. Underline the pronoun and state it as Reflexive OR Emphatic:

(1X2=2)

- a. Some people love to talk about themselves.
- b. He himself has led to his downfall.

9. Fill in the blanks with suitable Indefinite/ Relative Pronouns:

(1X3=3)

- a. I have found the watch _____ I lost.
- b. _____ has broken the window.
- c. This is the girl _____ always works hard.

10. Fill in the blanks with the present continuous or present perfect continuous forms of the verbs given in the brackets: (1X3=3)

- a. She _____ him on Sunday. (see)
- b. The children are tired because they _____ in the field all morning. (play)
- c. We _____ to find our way home. (try)

11. Fill in the blanks with the Simple Past Or Past Perfect Tense of the verbs given in the brackets: (1X2=2)

- a. I _____ a professional singer before I became a teacher. (be)
- b. I _____ to the library and did my history project. (go)

12. Fill in the blanks with the future perfect tense of the verbs given in the brackets: (0.5+0.5)

- a. By tomorrow morning, he _____ everything. (forget)
- b. My brother and I _____ our rooms by dinner. (clean)

Section C - English Literature

13. Answer the following questions in 30 to 40 words: (2X5=10)

- a) Who was Sarah Chanda? How did she help to change Kali's life?
- b) What made Nat's heart yearn for Jo?
- c) Who invented the 'Game of River's'? How was it to be played?
- d) What was thought as odd by the poet?
- e) Write about Biju and his father's train journey.

14. Answer the following questions in 80 to 100 words: (5+5=10)

- a) Why and how are illustrations important, especially in children's books and text books? Explain.
- b) What arrangements did the people of Krakow come up with to coexist with the dragon? Why did this change? Were they successful at the end? (3+2+1=5)

15. Reference to Context:

"I'd lay a purple carpet of wild heather in the dells"

"And fringe the edge of all the woods with their pretty lilac bells."

- a) Who is the speaker? (1)
- b) What does "heather" and "dells" mean in the above statement? (1)
- c) Explain the above lines in your own words? (2)
- d) Name the poem (1)

16. Complete the sentences in your own words related to the text: (1X5=5)

- a) The train journey was thrilling _____.
- b) So after his final exams, Kali _____.
- c) I prefer to work by hand _____.

- d) I would stencil on the marshes_____.
- e) As Katy was about to leave, Aunt Izzie_____.

17. Write the meanings of the following words:

(1X5=5)

- a) Gorse -
- b) Exacting -
- c) Tapestry -
- d) Spools -
- e) Tinker's Fire –

18. Write the correct spellings of the following words:

(1X5=5)

- a) Geranum -
- b) Ovr lapng -
- c) Ilastations -
- d) Kothabalam -
- e) DashinaCitra -



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL RAMPURHAT

MID-TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: BENGALI

CLASS – VI

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs 15 Mins

Max. Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- (i) First 15 minutes are allowed only for reading the question paper.
Students must NOT start writing during this time.
- (ii) This question paper consists of 2 printed pages.

Section A

1) নীচরে অংশটি ভালো করে পড়ে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলোর উত্তর দাও:

নরওয়ারে রাজধানী ক্রিশ্চিয়ানিয়া শহরে ১৮৬১ খ্রিস্টাব্দে ফডিইয়ফ ন্যানসনে জন্মগ্রহণ করেন। রাজধানী বশিবদিয়ায় তিনি অধ্যয়ন শেষ করেন তারপর তার মন সমুদ্রের দিকে টানে। নরওয়ারে প্রত্যেকে লোকের মনের সঙ্গে সমুদ্রের একটা যোগ আছে। তার পুরান কাব্য ইতিহাস যে সমস্ত বড় বড় লোকের কাহিনী আছে তারা সকলে সমুদ্রের ভীষণ তাকে উপেক্ষা করে দেশে দেশান্তরে গেছে। আগেকার লোকেরা যখন বুড়ো হয়ে যেত তখন সমুদ্রের উপর গিয়েই মরত। তাদের ভাইকিং বলত। ন্যানসনের মধ্যে এই ভাইকিংদের আত্মা ছিল। তাই বশিবদিয়ায় থেকে ফরিয়ে আসা দু'বছর পর তিনি গ্রীনল্যান্ডের ভিতরে পর্যটন করার জন্য বহির্গত হন এবং পূর্ব থেকে পশ্চিম পর্যন্ত গ্রীনল্যান্ডের ভিতর দিয়ে হুটে চলে যান। গ্রীনল্যান্ডের মধ্যে দিয়ে যাওয়া সেই প্রথম তারপরই তার বাসনা হলো উত্তর মেরু আবষ্কারের জন্য। নরওয়ারে চাঁদা তুলে অর্থ সংগ্রহ করা হলো গভর্নমেন্ট ও সহায়তা করলেন। ১৮৯৩ খ্রিস্টাব্দে ২৪ শে জুন ফ্রাম জাহাজ জাহাজে ন্যানসনেআজানের সমুদ্রের পথে যাত্রা করলেন সদিন নরওয়ারে উপকূলে সমস্ত জলেরো নৌকা করে তার নৌকার সঙ্গে বহুদূর যায়। তাদের মনে হলো যে পুরানো দিনের ভাইকিং দের মত ন্যানশন আজ চলছেন সমুদ্রের ওপরে হয় জয়ী হয়ে ফরিয়ে আসতে না হয় সমুদ্রের তরঙ্গে মলিয়ে যেতে।

ফ্রাঞ্জ যোগে দ্বীপ ত্যাগ করে উত্তর দিকে ন্যানসনে যতই এগিয়ে যেতে লাগলেন ততই স্রোত মন্দীভূত হয়ে আসতে লাগলো। পর্বত প্রমাণ বরফের চাই এসে ফ্রামকে ঘরিয়ে ফেলল। অজ্ঞাত ন্যানসনে তার দল নিয়ে সেই বরফের মধ্যে নেমে অপেক্ষা করতে লাগলেন কখন আবার বরফ গলে স্রোত দেখা যায়। এই সময় দুবার বরফের চাপে নৌকাটা একবারে ডুবে যায় কিন্তু পরে আবার ভেসে ওঠে। গ্রীষ্মকালে আসতে বরফে ফাটল ধরল আবার স্রোত দেখা দলি ন্যানসনে তার দলবল নিয়ে স্রোতের মুখে নৌকা ভাসিয়ে দলি।

1) ওপররে অংশটি ভালো করে পড়ে প্রশ্নগুলোর উত্তর দাও।

(1×5=5)

- A) নরওয়ারে রাজধানীর নাম কী?
- B) ফডি ইয়ফ ন্যানসনে কত সালে জন্মগ্রহণ করেন?
- C) ভাইকিং কাদের বলে?
- D) নরওয়ারে প্রত্যেকে লোকের মনে কসিরে যোগ আছে?
- E) সমার্থক শব্দ লেখ: বরফ

Section B

2) সঠিক উত্তর বছে লেখ:

(1×10=10)

- A) কোথায় শয়োল মানুষ করার পুণ্যকর্ম করার কাজ শুরু হল?

- B) শয়োল সংস্কৃতিতে সুন্দর লজেকে কী বলে?
 C) "বাংলাদেশের মা" গল্পে লেখকের সঙ্গী কে ছিল?
 D) লেখক কতদিন ব্রাহ্মণ বাড়িতে অতিথি হয়ে ছিল?
 E) অবভিক্ত ভারতে বছরে কত লোক ম্যালেরিয়া তে মারা যত?
 F) রোনাল্ড রস কত সালে জন্মগ্রহণ করেন?

- G) সদাগরের তোতাটী কমনে ছিল?
 H) খলোর ছলে ষষ্ঠীচরণ কী করেন?
 I) ষষ্ঠীচরণ কতটা জলপান করে তৃষ্ণা নবিরণ করে?
 J) বলাকা কোথায় জল সহিত যায়?

3) শূন্যস্থান পূরণ কর :

(1×5=5)

- A) কলকে ফুলেরে ----- জ্বলছে আলো খাস গলোসে।
 B) এমন দুই পাখি ----- ভালোবাসে।
 C) সদাগর ----- এসে মলো পয়সা কামালনে।
 D) রস কে তার আবধিকারেরে জন্ম ----- পুরস্কার দেওয়া হল।
 E) এক মঠে ভাত দিয়ে আমি মানুষেরে ----- মারতে পারবে না।

4) বিপরীত শব্দ লেখ :

(1×5=5)

পছন্দ, কোমল, সুসভ্য, প্রতীকূল মজুত

5) পদ পরিবর্তন কর :

(1×5=5)

গঠন, চোখ, মন, ভয়, বরণনা

6) "তখন কী আশ্চর্য, কী করোমতি" - কার লেখা কোন গদ্যেরে অংশ? লেখক কনে এরূপ বলেছেন তা নজিরে ভাষায় লেখ।

(2+3)=5

7) "রোগের কারণ যখন জানা গলে তখন একে দূর করার প্রধান প্রধান উপায় খুঁজে বের করা হল।"

কার লেখা কোন গদ্যেরে অংশ? কী করে এই রোগ নির্মূল করার ব্যবস্থা করা হল?

(2+3)=5

8) টোকার টোপর মাথায় দিয়ে মাথায় দিয়ে নড়িনে হাতে কে ওই মাঠে?

কার লেখা কোন পদ্যেরে অংশ? টোকার টোপর কী? কারা এই টোপর মাথায় দিয়ে? এই টোপর মাথায় দিয়ে কী করে?

(2+1+1+1)=5

9) "বরফ দেওয়া উনিশি কুঁজো সরবতে তার তৃষ্ণা হর" - কার লেখা কোন পদ্যেরে অংশ? এখানকার কথা বলা হয়েছে? তার খাবারেরে ফরদ দাও।

(2+1+2)=5

Section C

10) নীচের প্রশ্নগুলোর উত্তর দাও।

(1×6=6)

- A) বাংলায় স্বরধ্বনির সংখ্যা (১/১১/৪)
 B) ধ্বনির লিখিত রূপ হল (লপি / বর্ণ / শব্দ)।
 C) পদ কে কয়ভাগে ভাগ করা যায় (২/৬/৮)।
 D) স্বরবর্ণের সাথে স্বরবর্ণের মিলনে হয় (ব্যঞ্জনসন্ধি / বসির্গ সন্ধি / স্বরসন্ধি)
 E) নাম পদ কে ভাগ করা যায় (৪/৬/৮) ভাগে
 F) বাক্য কাকে বলে?

11) নীচের প্রশ্নগুলোর উত্তর দাও

(2×2=4)

- A) বিশেষ্য পদ কাকে বলে? উদাহরণ সহযোগে লেখ।
 B) সমাপিকা ক্রিয়া কাকে বলে? উদাহরণ সহযোগে লেখ।

12) নীচের শব্দগুলোর দুটি করে প্রতিশব্দ লেখ।

(2×5=10)

পথ, কন্যা, আকাশ, মঘে, বৃক্ষ

13) তোমার জন্মদিনে তোমার বদিশে থাকা মামা একটা ঘড়ি পাঠিয়েছে, তাই মামাকে ধন্যবাদ জানিয়ে পত্র লেখ :

(5)

14) অনুচ্ছেদে লেখ : "শীতেরে চড়িয়াখানা "

(5)



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL RAMPURHAT

MID-TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: HINDI

CLASS : VI

Time Allowed: 3Hrs 15Mins

Max.Marks: 80

सामान्य निर्देश :-

- * अतिरिक्त 15 मिनट का समय सिर्फ प्रश्न पत्र को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ने के लिए दिया गया है।
- * इस प्रश्न पत्र को तीन खंडों में विभक्त किया गया है:-
खंड- क (अपठित बोध) खंड- ख (पाठ्यपुस्तक एवं व्याकरण) खंड- ग (व्याकरण)
- * सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं, प्रश्नों के उत्तर यथासंभव अपने शब्दों में लिखने का प्रयास करें।
- * इस प्रश्न पत्र में कुल 3 मुद्रित पृष्ठ हैं।

खंड- क(अपठित बोध)

प्रश्न 1. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें: (1x5=5)

पृथ्वी पर हमें कई प्रकार के रोमांचक स्थल मिलते हैं। इनमें से एक है महासागर। महासागर क्या है? यह एक विशाल जलमय समुद्र होता है जो पृथ्वी का एक बड़ा भाग को दखल करके रखता है। महासागरों के किनारे पर हमें अनेक प्रकार के जलीय जीवों को भी देखने को मिलते हैं। जैसे कि शारक, मछलियाँ, सीप और अनेक प्रकार की समुद्री पशुओं को हम यहाँ देख सकते हैं। महासागरों में बहुत गहराई होती है और वहाँ कई प्रकार की जानवरों की भी विविधता होती है।

प्रश्न क) महासागर क्या है?

प्रश्न ख) महासागर के किनारे पर किसे देखा जा सकता है?

प्रश्न ग) महासागर में क्या देखने को मिलता है?

प्रश्न घ) महासागरों की गहराई कैसी होती है?

प्रश्न ड.) इस गद्यांश में कौन-कौन से जलीय जीवों का उल्लेख किया गया है?

खंड-ख(पाठ्यपुस्तक एवं व्याकरण)

प्रश्न 2. दीर्घ उत्तरीय प्रश्न :-

(3x8=24)

- i) मुगलों को क्या भ्रम हुआ? उसका परिणाम क्या हुआ?
- ii) राज्य के रूप में मिजोरम का क्या इतिहास है?
- iii) सुब्रह्मण्यम भारती ने स्वतंत्रता संग्राम में किस प्रकार हिस्सा लिया?
- iv) दीना ने दोनों बहनों की बातें सुनकर क्या सोचा?
- v) सरदार ने जमीन की कीमत के विषय में दीना को क्या-क्या बताया?
- vi) 'काशीवास सुब्रह्मण्यम के जीवन की एक महत्वपूर्ण घटना थी।' कैसे?
- vii) मिजोरम के त्योहारों के विषय में टिप्पणी लिखिए।
- viii) किसने राणा प्रताप के संकट को देख लिया था? संकट देखने के उपरांत उसने क्या किया?

प्रश्न 3. निम्न प्रश्नों के उत्तर एक शब्द में दे :-

(1x26=26)

- i) लेखक के दोस्त का क्या नाम था?
- ii) "लोहे के इंसानों का देश" पाठ के लेखक का क्या नाम है?
- iii) रस से भरे रसाल में किस फल की चर्चा की गई है?
- iv) गालिब के घर आमों से भरी एक टोकरी किसने पहुँचा दी?
- v) आम के फूलों को क्या कहते हैं?
- vi) आम में कौन-कौन से विटामिन भरपूर मात्रा में होती हैं?
- vii) महाराणा प्रताप के सेनापति का क्या नाम था?
- viii) मिजोरम को वर्ष 1954 तक किस पर्वतीय जिले के नाम से जाना जाता था?
- ix) मिजोरम की प्रमुख व राजकीय भाषाएँ क्या हैं?
- x) सुब्रह्मण्यम भारती का जन्म तमिलनाडु के किस गाँव में हुआ था?
- xi) सन 1919 में महात्मा गाँधी जी 'भारती' से कहाँ मिले थे?
- xii) 'कितनी जमीन' कहानी में किसान का क्या नाम था?
- xiii) कौन अपनी जमीन औने-पौने दामों में बेचना चाहता था?
- xiv) किसने अपने सिर पर से टोपी उतारी और जमीन पर रख दी?
- xv) किसान को कितनी जमीन नसीब हुई अपने प्राण की आहुति देकर?
- xvi) बड़ी बहन का विवाह किससे हुआ था?
- xvii) 'पन्ना' शब्द सयुक्ताक्षर है या द्वित्व व्यंजन।
- xviii) भाषा की सबसे छोटी इकाई क्या है?
- xix) 'पंकज' यौगिक है या योगरूढ़ ।
- xx) शर्प का तद्भव शब्द क्या है?
- xxi) शब्दों के कितने भेद होते हैं?

xxii) 'हिमालय' शब्द स्त्रीलिंग है या पुल्लिंग।

xxiii) मोहन कलम से पत्र लिख रहा है। इस वाक्य में कारक का कौन सा भेद है?

xxiv) 'स्वयं' किस सर्वनाम का उदाहरण है?

xxv) सर्वनाम के कितने भेद हैं?

xxvi) 'मधुर' का उत्तरावस्था लिखे ।

प्रश्न 4. लघु उत्तरीय प्रश्न :-

(2x10=20)

i) थैली में क्या था? उसकी आवश्यकता क्यों पड़ी?

ii) उस गृह पर कौन-सी समस्या थी?

iii) स्वास्थ्य की दृष्टि से आम का क्या महत्व है?

iv) राणा ने रण-काली को कैसे तुष्ट किया?

v) 'कुट' क्या है? मिजोरम के लोग कौन-कौन से नृत्य करते हैं?

vi) मिर्जा गालिब कौन थे? उनका क्या विश्वास था?

vii) कच्चे आम से क्या-क्या बनाया जाता है?

viii) झाला को 'परवाना' क्यों कहा है?

ix) मिजोरम में कौन-कौन से अभयारण्य हैं?

x) सुब्रह्मण्यम के गीतों का संग्रह किस नाम से प्रकाशित हुआ और वे क्या कहलाए?

खंड-ग(लेखन शैली)

प्रश्न 5. 'हंस और मेंढक' विषय पर एक कहानी लिखें।

(5)



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL RAMPURHAT

MID-TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS

CLASS – VI

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs 15 Mins

Max. Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- (i) First 15 minutes are allowed only for reading the question paper. Students must NOT start writing during this time.
- (ii) This question paper consists of 2 printed pages.

Group-A (Multiple Choice Questions)

(1 X 20 = 20)

- (1) The difference between the place value and face value of 2 in 658742 is
(a) 0 (b) 2 (c) 7 (d) 9
- (2) One Million is equal to (a) 1 lakh (b) 10 lakh (c) 100 lakh (d) 1 crore
- (3) Which among them are not twin-primes? (a) (3,5) (b) (5,7) (c) (11,13) (d) (17,23)
- (4) The number of primes between 90 and 100 is (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) 3.
- (5) The product of the successor and the predecessor of 99 is (a) 9800 (b) 9900 (c) 109 (d) 97
- (6) The successor of the smallest prime number is (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4.
- (7) The smallest number which is neither prime nor composite is (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) 3.
- (8) The predecessor of 1 in whole number is (a) -1 (b) 0 (c) 1 (d) 2.
- (9) $(-2) \times (-3) \times 6 \times (-1) =$ (a) 36 (b) -36 (c) 6 (d) -6.
- (10) $9 + |-4| =$ (a) 5 (b) -5 (c) 13 (d) -13.
- (11) $(-39) + 5$ is equal to (a) 24 (b) 34 (c) -34 (d) -24.
- (12) 6 more than (-7) is (a) 1 (b) -1 (c) 13 (d) -13.
- (13) Which one is a proper fraction? (a) $\frac{4}{3}$ (b) $\frac{3}{4}$ (c) $\frac{13}{4}$ (d) $\frac{21}{5}$.
- (14) Which one is an improper fraction? (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{3}{7}$ (c) $\frac{7}{3}$ (d) $\frac{3}{15}$.
- (15) $\frac{5}{12}$ is equivalent to $\frac{x}{3}$, then $x =$ (a) $\frac{5}{4}$ (b) $\frac{4}{5}$ (c) $\frac{5}{3}$ (d) $\frac{3}{5}$.

- (16) A fraction equivalent to $\frac{45}{105}$ is (a) $\frac{6}{14}$ (b) $\frac{4}{7}$ (c) $\frac{5}{7}$ (d) $\frac{7}{5}$
- (17) $\frac{7}{100}$ is equal to (a) 7.1 (b) 7.01 (c) 0.7 (d) 0.07
- (18) $2 + \frac{3}{10} + \frac{5}{100}$ is equal to (a) 2.305 (b) 2.3 (c) 2.35 (d) 0.235
- (19) Which of the following are like decimals?
- (a) 5.5, 5.05, 5.50 (b) 5.5, 0.55, 5.555 (c) 5.5, 6.6, 7.7 (d) none of these.
- (20) 6 out of 10 is (a) 0.6 (b) 0.06 (c) 6.0 (d) 6.6

Group-B (Very Short Answer Questions)

(2 X 6 = 12)

- (21) Write the greatest and the smallest five digits numbers using the digits 5, 0, 2, 7, 1.
- (22) Find the HCF by using prime factorization method of the numbers 5, 50, 100.

OR

Find the HCF by using long division method of the numbers 15, 25, 145.

- (23) Write the predecessor and the successor of 100020197.
- (24) Using number line subtract 8 from 16. (Use ruler and pencil)
- (25) What fraction is 300 m of 1 km?
- (26) Represent 1.7 on number line. (Use ruler and pencil)

Group-C (Short Answer Questions)

(3 X 8 = 24)

- (27) Add: $0.85 + 9.475 + 37.28$
- (28) Ravi purchased 50 kg rice, 2.75 kg sugar and 3.2 kg dal. What is the total weight of items bought by Ravi?
- (29) Add: $7\frac{3}{7} + 8\frac{4}{14} + 9\frac{15}{21}$
- (30) Sarin walked $2\frac{2}{3}$ km, Barin walked $2\frac{4}{5}$ km and Marin walked $2\frac{6}{7}$ km. Who walked more?
- (31) Put > or < sign for the following:
- (a) $27 \square (-11)$ (b) $0 \square 15$ (c) $(-7) \square 0$

OR

Indicate as integers: (a) 40°C above 0°C (b) Profit of Rs.50 (c) Withdrawal of Rs.100

- (32) Write True or False.
- (a) All whole numbers are natural numbers. (b) All natural numbers are whole numbers.
- (c) 1 is the smallest whole number.

(33) The dimensions of a room are 50 cm, 75 cm and 130 cm. Find the largest measuring tape which can measure these three dimensions exactly.

(34) Simplify: $360 \div (50 - 21 - 11) + 15 \times 7 - 5 \times 18$

Group-D (Long Answer Questions)

(4 X 3 = 12)

(35) Neela goes to market and purchases 33 packets of biscuits. Each packet contains 25 biscuits. Neela wants to distribute the total number of biscuits to 55 street dogs. How many biscuits each dog will get?

(36) Pooja went to the market with Rs. 8500. She bought a pair of shoes for Rs. 1900, a suit for Rs. 2450 and a tea-set for Rs. 770. What is the total amount Pooja spent? How much money was left with her?

(37) A milkman has 50 liters of milk. He gives 20.5 liters to Ram, 12.75 liters to Shyam and gives 5 liters to Madhu. Find the followings:

(a) How much milk is distributed by the Milkman?

(b) How much milk is still left with him?

OR

Akash bought vegetables weighing 10 kg. Out of this 3kg 500g were onions, 2kg 75g were tomatoes, 1 kg 5g were carrot and the rest were potatoes. What was the weight of potatoes?

Group-E (Case Study)

(4 X 3 = 12)

(38) In Esplanade metro station, a train enters platform 1 at the interval of every 120 seconds, another train enters platform 2 at the interval of every 160 seconds. At 10:00 A.M. both the trains enter the respective platforms.

Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

(a) Find the prime factors of 120.

(b) Find the HCF of 120 and 160.

(c) Find the LCM of 120 and 160.

(d) At what time (next) will both the trains enter the platforms?

(39) Walking is a good habit for health. Nitin jogged $2\frac{1}{5}$ km from Mall A to Mall B. He jogged another $\frac{34}{9}$ km from Mall B to Mall C.

Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

(a) Convert $2\frac{1}{5}$ km into improper fraction.

(b) Express $\frac{34}{9}$ km into mixed fraction.

(c) What was the total distance that Nitin jogged?

(d) Find whether $2\frac{1}{5}$ and $\frac{34}{9}$ are equivalent or not.

(40) Following are the temperatures of 5 cities noted on one particular morning:

Place	Kolkata	Mumbai	Ladakh	Delhi	Sikkim
Temperature	20°C	32°C	-10°C	15°C	-3°C

Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (a) Which is the coldest city among these 5 cities?
- (b) Which is the hottest city among these 5 cities?
- (c) Which cities have temperature less than 0°C?
- (d) Which cities have temperature greater than 0°C?



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL RAMPURHAT

MID-TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: SCIENCE

CLASS – VI

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs 15 Mins

Max. Marks: 80

General Instructions:

1. This question paper consists of 39 questions in 5 sections.
2. All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.
3. Section A consists of 20 objective-type questions carrying 1 mark each.
4. Section B consists of 6 Very Short questions carrying 2 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 30 to 50 words.
5. Section C consists of 7 Short Answer type questions carrying 3 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 50 to 80 words.
6. Section D consists of 3 Long Answer type questions carrying 5 marks each. Answer to these questions should be in the range of 80 to 120 words.
7. Section E consists of 3 source-based/case-based units of assessment of 4 marks each with sub-parts.
8. This question paper consists of 4 printed pages.

SECTION-A

(1X20=20)

1. What makes the basis of sorting materials into groups?
(a) Similarities in their properties (b) Differences in their properties
(c) Both similarities and differences in their properties (d) All of these
2. Which is a set of transparent materials?
(a) Glass and air (b) Water and glass (c) Water and air (d) All of these
3. Which one of the following is not soluble in water?
(a) Turmeric powder (b) Common salt (c) Alum (d) All are soluble
4. Butter is separated from milk by
(a) sedimentation (b) filtration (c) churning (d) decantation
5. Which method is used to separate pebbles and stones from sand?
(a) Handpicking (b) Winnowing (c) Sieving (d) Any of these
6. The process of conversion of water vapors into liquid is called
(a) condensation (b) decantation (c) sedimentation (d) evaporation
7. What is modified stem?

8. What is stomata?
9. What is the function of roots?
10. Prop root is found in _____ plants.
(a) Banyan tree (b) Mango tree (c) Neem tree (d) None of these
11. In hemoglobin _____ is present.
(a) Sodium (b) Iron (c) Calcium (d) Magnesium
12. In absence of vitamin D the disease _____ is caused.
(a) Goiter (b) Rickets (c) Anemia (d) Scurvy
13. What is the source of light for a shadow to form?
(a) Object (b) Light source (c) Surface (d) Shadow itself
14. Which of the following can produce a shadow?
(a) Transparent object (b) Opaque object (c) Reflecting surface (d) Mirror
15. Which unit is used to measure the speed of an object?
(a) Meter per second (m/s) (b) Kilometer per hour (km/h)
(c) Centimeter per second (cm/s) (d) All of the above
16. What is the distance traveled by an object in a unit time called?
(a) Speed (b) Velocity (c) Acceleration (d) Displacement
17. Which of the following is an example of uniform motion?
(a) A car moving on a straight road (b) A ball thrown upwards
(c) A bicycle moving uphill (d) A train stopping at a station
18. What is the instrument used to measure the distance traveled by an object?
(a) Stopwatch (b) Odometer (c) Speedometer (d) Thermometer
19. Which of the following is a type of motion?
(a) Circular (b) Rectilinear (c) Periodic (d) All of the above
20. What is the term for the movement of an object in a fixed path?
(a) Circular motion (b) Rectilinear motion (c) Periodic motion (d) Rotational motion

SECTION-B

(2X6=12)

21. What do you mean by classification? List any three solutions that are used in your home.
22. What is the use of alum in sedimentation? When is handpicking used?
23. What is balanced diet? Write down the components of it. (1+1)

OR

- What is roughage? What is the function of it? (1+1)
24. What are the parts of stamen and pistil?
25. Why do we measure things?
26. In S.I unit write the units of temperature, mass and time.

SECTION-C

(3X7=21)

27. What is the need for classification? On what basis are the various objects grouped? (2+1)
28. Explain with example rough and smooth surfaces. What is decantation?

OR

How is common salt obtained from seawater? Define residue and supernatant liquid. (2+1)

29. What is pollination? What happens to a flower after pollination? (1+2)
30. What are the parts of a flower? What would happen if the flowers are not colorful and had no pleasant smell? (1+2)
31. What are the sources of fat? Write down the function of fat? What happens when a person consumes excess fatty food? (1+1+1)
32. Can you think of creating a shape that would give a circular shadow if held in one-way and rectangular shadow if held another way?
33. What is reflection of light? Give an application of reflection of light.

OR

While moving in a train, the objects outside appear to be moving but the person sitting near you does not. Why?

SECTION-D

(5X3=15)

34. What are the similarities between iron, copper and aluminum? Mustard oil and grease both are insoluble in water, but mustard oil floats whereas grease settles down, why? (3+2)

OR

Why do we need to separate substances? What are miscible and immiscible liquids? Give one example for each. (3+2)

35. What is venation in a leaf? What are the two types of venations found in leaf? Write the functions of the leaves in plants. (1+2+2)

OR

Name the major nutrients in food? Why are proteins essential? What are some sources of protein? (1+2+2)

36. Write the difference between luminous and non-luminous objects. Give 3 examples from day-to-day life which shows that light travels in a straight line. (2+3)

SECTION-E

(4X3=12)

37. Anything that can be seen and touched is called an object. The objects could be of different shapes, colors and sizes. Some objects may be living like animals and plants while some may be non-living like chairs and tables. Objects are made of substances called materials. The matter of which an object is made is called material, for example, chair is made of wood, book is made of paper. The placing of objects into groups according to certain features is called classification. Classification of objects into groups is important as it helps us in – 1. Finding an object from a large group, 2. Understanding some basic properties of an object, 3. Giving a clarity on the object.

1. Which of the following is a matter? A) Air b) Steel c) Water d) All of these
2. Anything that has a mass and occupies space is called – a) Classification b) Volume c) Matter d) Air
3. A good example of grouping can be seen in a – a) Playground b) Supermarket c) Store room d) Hospital
4. Purpose of sorting materials into groups is – a) to study their properties b) convenience c) both (a) and (b) d) inconvenience

38. In lakes and rivers, plants are different from those on land. Water plants are crucial for providing food, shelter and oxygen to aquatic animals. They have roots in water's mud, flexible stems that can float, and some float on the water's surface. These plants, like lotus and water lilies, often have waxy coatings on leaves, flowers, and stems to repel water. (1+1+1+1)

- 1) What is the purpose of the waxy substance on the surface of leaves, flowers, and stems of aquatic plants?
a) attracting insects b) repelling water c) providing nutrients d) None
- 2) _____ and _____ are the two plants given as common example of aquatic plants in the passage.
- 3) Aquatic plants like lotus and water lilies often have a _____ coatings on leaves, flowers and stems.
- 4) What is the primary purpose of plants in water bodies like lakes and rivers?

39. Rohan is a cyclist who participates in local racing events. He wants to improve his performance and tracks his speed and distance covered during practice sessions. One day, he cycles from his home to a nearby park, a distance of 5 kilometers, in 20 minutes. On the return journey, he takes 25 minutes to cover the same distance.

1. Is Rohan's speed uniform or non-uniform? Explain. (1 mark)
2. What can Rohan do to improve his speed and performance? (1 mark)
3. How can Rohan measure his distance covered accurately? (2 marks)



Delhi Public School Rampur hat

Mid Term Examination

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE

CLASS – VI

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No: _____

Time Allowed: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Invigilator's Sign: _____

Examiner's Sign: _____

Part -I Geography (40)

Section- A (MCQ) 1x10=10

Choose the correct option and put a tick mark on it.

1. The blue colours shows _____ on the map.

- | | |
|--------------|------------------|
| i) Clouds | ii) Vegetation |
| iii) Plateau | iv) Water bodies |

2. Which is not a thematic map?

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|
| i) political map | ii) geological map |
| iii) Topographical map | iv) weather map |

3. The period of rotation is known as _____.

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| i) Sunday | ii) Earthday |
| iii) Moonday | iv) Halfday |

4. Spring equinox occurs on _____.

- | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| i) 21 st April | ii) 21 st March |
| iii) 21 st May | iv) 21 st June |

5. The diffused light after Sun set is called _____.

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| i) Dawn | ii) Noon |
| ii) Twilight | iv) Mid night |

6. The latitude of 23 ½ degree south is known as _____.

- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| i) Tropic of cancer | ii) Tropic of Capricorn |
| iii) Equator | iv) GMT |

7. How many standard time zone in Russia?

- i) 6 ii) 8
iii) 5 iv) 1

8. How many meridians are there on the globe?

- i) 180 ii) 360
iii) 90 iv) 0

9. Mars is known as _____ planet.

- i) Green ii) Blue iii) Yellow iv) Red

10. Which one of them is inner planet?

- i) Venus ii) Jupiter iii) Uranus iv) Neptune

Section- B (VSA) 2x4=8

11. What do you mean by the term 'Map'?

12. What is Dawn?

13. Define equator.

14. Which planet is known as Blue Giant? Write its one feature.

Section- C (SA) 3x3=9

15. Classify the map on the basis of content or purpose.

16. Write different between high tides and low tides.

17. What do you know about Standard time of India (IST)? Explain.

Section- D (LA) 5x2=10

18. Write a short note on the following: Sketch and Plan.

19. Explain the effects of Revolution with diagram.

Or

Explain the effects of Rotation with diagram.

Section- E (Diagram based) 3x1=3

11. Draw a sketch of village.

Or

Show a plan of your school campus

Class VI

History MCQ

(1x5=5)

- Q 21. The “Ashvamedha” was the sacrifice of _____.
a) Bull b) cow c) goat d) horse
22. Total number of Mahajanapadas was _____.
a) 12 b) 16) c) 14 d) 18
23. An important drink mentioned in the Vedas is _____.
a) mango juice b) buttermilk c) soma d) honey
24. The Great Bath was discovered in _____.
a) Rakhigarhi b) Lothal c) Harappa d) Mohenjodaro
25. In the early stages, humans were _____ and nomads.
a) advanced b) hunter-gatherers c) musicians d) singers

Civics MCQ

(1x5=5)

26. The famous dance form of Assam is _____.
a) Bhangra b) Ghumar c) Lavani d) Bihu
27. India is a secular country because the people have the _____.
a) the right to equality b) right to freedom
c) right against exploitation d) freedom to practice their religions
28. Providing justice in a country is the responsibility of the _____.
a) executive b) police c) judiciary d) legislature
29. The form of government in which people elect their representatives is _____.
a) aristocracy b) democracy c) dictatorship d) monarchy
30. The members of the Gram Sabha must be of the _____ years of age
a) 25 b) 22 c) 20 d) 18

31. (H-VSA)

Why is the Early Vedic Age is also called the Rig Vedic Age? (2)

32. (C-VSA)

India is a secular country – explain. (2)

33. (H-SA)

In Early Vedic period, society was more egalitarian – explain this statement with example. (3)

34. (C-SA)

Distinguish between Democracy and Monarchy (3)

35. (H-LA)

Describe different types of sources of History. (5)

Or

Write a brief note on the Housing and Drainage of the Harappan cities.(5)

36. (C-LA)

India is a land of diverse cultures and religions – elaborate.

37. (H- ease-based Higher Order Thinking Skill based)

In Harappan civilization, seals are an important source of history. – Why? And how?(2+2=4)

38. (C- Case based)

Imagine that a country has become free from foreign hold. This country will form a democratic system to govern the country. – If you were given the responsibility to make the basic framework for the governance of this country, how would be the framework?

(4)

39. Make a diagram showing the bicameral legislature of India (of the central government) (2)

Class -6

26. Kerala is famous for-----.. (5×1)

- a. Sugercane farming
- b. pashmina
- c. spices
- d. Monasteries

27. The Statement of ideals in our country is called-

- a. Preface
- b. Intriduction
- c. Fraternity
- d. Drafting

28. The link between Gram Panchayat and Zila Parishad is the

- a. District Court
- b. Gram Sabha
- c. Nyaya Panchayat
- d. Block Samiti

29. To make new laws is the task of the -

- a. Government
- b. Leguslature
- c. Judiciary
- d. Executive

30. In _____ form of government power is vested in one man

- a. Democracy
- b. Monarchy
- c. Kingdom
- d. Dictatorship

32. Who was Bhim Rao Ambedkar? (2)

34. Define Stereotype. Explain it with an example. (2+1)

36.i. Geographical Diversity is an important aspect of India - Explain (3)

ii. What is the role of a district collector? (2)

38. Study-Based Question.

Read the passage carefully.

Women are increasingly participating in the Panchayati Raj system. They are members of the Gram Sabha. Many women want to contest Panchayat elections. While many areas have women sarpanch, some even have all-women Panchayats. In a significant step, the government has reserved 50 per cent of all seats in the Panchayats for women. As a result, women are able to play a bigger role in the Panchayats.

More participation of women would mean better management of funds, and better approach towards projects and issues such as sanitation, education of girls, domestic violence and alcohol de-addiction.

Answer the following question: (2×2)

1. What was the significant step of government towards the women?
2. 'More participation of women'- What it indicates?



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL RAMPURHAT

MID-TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: COMPUTER SCIENCE

CLASS – VI

Time Allowed: 2 Hrs 15 Mins

Max. Marks: 50

General Instructions:

- (i) First 15 minutes are allowed only for reading the question paper. Students must NOT start writing during this time.
- (ii) This question paper consists of 2 printed pages.

Multiple Choice Based Questions:

[1x7=7]

1. Which of the following is a first-generation language?
a) C++ b) Machine language c) SQL d) FORTRAN
2. Which keyboard shortcut is used to create a new virtual desktop in Windows 10?
a) Win + Ctrl + N b) Win + Ctrl + D c) Win + Tab d) Win + Shift + S
3. What is the function of Live Tiles in the Start Menu?
a) Displaying static app icons b) Accessing system settings
c) Providing real-time information from apps d) Creating virtual desktops
4. What is the creator of a blog called?
a) Web Designer b) Blogger c) Podcaster d) Vlogger
5. What happens when you enable the ink annotation tool in Google Slides?
a) You can add a video b) You can add images
c) You can add audio d) You can draw or write on slides
6. What does ARPANET stand for?
a) Advance Research Python Agency Network
b) Advanced Research Projects Agency Network
c) Advanced Reunion Projects Agency Network
d) Additional Research Projects Agency Network
7. What does cyberbullying involve?
a) Stealing banking information b) Spying on a business
c) Emotionally harming someone on social media
d) Spreading viruses through emails

8. **State True or False:** [1x7=7]
- (a) Assembly language uses mnemonic codes instead of binary numbers.
 - (b) Supercomputers can perform a billion tasks in one second.
 - (c) Snip & Sketch allows users to record their screens.
 - (d) A digital footprint is an online data trail left when you surf the internet.
 - (e) Netiquette includes using all capital letters in messages.
 - (f) Action buttons in Google Slides can link to external websites.
 - (g) Animations can only be applied to text in Google Slides.
9. **Fill in the blanks:** [1x6=6]
- (a) The language processor/translator that converts the entire high-level program into machine code at once is called a _____.
 - (b) Windows 10 Continuum is primarily designed for _____ devices.
 - (c) The Settings app in Windows 10 is used for configuring the computer's _____.
 - (d) ARPANET was established by the U.S. Department of Defense in _____.
 - (e) _____ involves creating and sharing audio content, like discussions and interviews.
 - (f) To view a presentation, select _____ from the View menu.
- Short Answer Type Questions:** [2x9=18]
- 10. What is the purpose of Task View?
 - 11. Write the difference between compiler and Interpreter?
 - 12. What are some disadvantages of the internet?
 - 13. What is netiquette?
 - 14. What is Podcasting?
 - 15. What is the difference between blog and website?
 - 16. What are animations in Google Slides?
 - 17. What are transition effects in Google Slides?
 - 18. Explain Ink Annotation in Google Slides.
- Long Answer Type Questions:** [3x4=12]
- 19. What are the advantages of first-generation language?
 - 20. Describe the key features of the Start Menu in Windows 10. How does it differ from previous versions? [1.5+1.5]
 - 21. Explain some potential threats of using the internet.
 - 22. Give three advantages and disadvantages of E-commerce. [1.5+1.5]



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL RAMPURHAT

MID-TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: 3rd language French

CLASS – VI

Time Allowed: 2 Hrs15 Mins

Max. Marks: 50

General Instructions:

(i) First 15 minutes are allowed only for reading the question paper.

Students must NOT start writing during this time.

(ii) This question paper consists of 2 printed pages.

SECTION=A

1. Cochez la bonne reponse . (Tick the correct answer.)

(1x4=4)

i. La capitale de la France-

(b) Berlin (b) Lyon (c) Paris

ii. Le Louvre est -

(a) nUne tour (b) Un musee (c) Un hôtel

iii. Le drapeau français est -

(a) Orange , blanc , vert. (b) Vert , blanc , rouge . (c) Bleu , blanc , rouge.

iv. Le chateau de versailles est -

(a) Lyon (b) versailles (c) paris

2. Dites vrai ou faux. (say true or false .)

(1x5=5)

a. La France est appelle l'hexagone.

b. La France est en Asie.

c. Le Camembert est un fromage français .

d. Lyon est la capitale de la France .

e. Les Arenes sont a Lyon.

3. Complétez avec article definis . (Fill in the blanks with definite article “ le , la , l', les “)

(1x5=5)

a. ____voiture .

b. ____stylo.

c. ____avion.

d. ____sacs .

e. ____cartable.

SECTION-B

4. Complétez avec les articles indefinis. (Fill in the blanks with indefinite articles “un , une , des.”)

(1x5=5)

a. ____carte.

b. ____cahiers.

- c. _____portable.
- d. _____pommes.
- e. _____crayons.

5. faire correspondre les colonnes (Match the following .)

(1x10=10)

A

- 1. Bonjour!
- 2. Bonne journee !
- 3. Merci !
- 4. Bienvenue !
- 5. Enchante !
- 6. Comment ça va ?
- 7. Comment allez-vous ?
- 8. Bonne nuit!
- 9. Bonsoir!
- 10. Oui .

B

- a. yes
- b. How are you ?
- c. Good night .
- d. Good evening.
- e. Nice to meet you.
- f. Good morning.
- g. Welcome.
- h. Have a nice day.
- i. How are you ?
- j. Thank you.

6. Conjuguez les verbes . (Conjugate the verbs.)

(1x6=6)

- a. Je _____(arreter).
- b. Tu _____(amener).
- c. Elle _____(partager)
- d. Ils _____(conjuguer).
- e. Vous _____(arriver).
- f. Nous _____(fermer) .

SECTION-C

7. Conjuguez les verbes .(conjugate the verbs.)

(1x5=5)

- a. Je _____(finir)
- b. Tu _____(choisir).
- c. Vous _____(batir)
- d. Nous _____(reussir).
- e. Ils _____(rougir).

8. Retrouvez les mots. (Unjumble these words .)

(1x5=5)

- a. TLASU.
- b. ROBJNOU.
- c. IRMCE.
- d. VRIOER UA.
- e. ENNOB IUNT.

9. Écrivez les normbres 1 a 20 en français. (write 1 to 20 in french .)

(5)



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL RAMPURHAT

MID-TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: 3rd LANGUAGE GERMAN

CLASS – VI

Time Allowed: 2 Hrs 15 Mins

Max. Marks: 50

General Instructions:

(i) First 15 minutes are allowed only for reading the question paper.

Students must NOT start writing during this time.

(ii) This question paper consists of 2 printed pages.

SECTION-A

1. Lesen Sie den Text und schreiben Sie die antworten. (Read the text and answer the following questions). **(2x7=14)**

Erich ist mein Name. Ich bin zwölf Jahre alt und wohne in Berlin. Ich habe eine Schwester. Sie heißt Lisa. Sie ist zehn und hat viele Freundinnen. Mein Vater heißt Klaus Wohlmann.

Er ist 40. Er ist Techniker von Beruf.

Er arbeitet viel und verdient Geld. Seine Frau, d.h. unsere Mutter arbeitet auch viel; aber zu Hause. Sie ist Hausfrau. Sie ist ganz lieb. Ihre Eltern leben noch. Mein Großvater ist schon achtzig jahre alt und meine Großmutter ist siebenundsiebzig jahre alt aber sie sind noch recht aktiv.

1. Wo wohnt Erich ?

2. Wie alt ist Erich ?

3. Wie heißt die Schwester von Erich ?

4. Wie alt ist der Vater von Erich ?

5. Wo arbeitet Erich's Mutter ?

6. Wie alt ist der Großvater von Erich ?

7. Wie alt ist die Großmutter von Erich ?

2. Schreiben Sie der Artikel (Write the Article) der,die,das.

(1x5=5)

1. Buch
2. Kuli
3. Schwester
4. Mädchen
5. Hund

3. Ergänzen Sie mit dem Verb(fill in the blanks with verb).

(1x5=5)

Woher_____du ?

Wer_____du ?

Ich_____Deutsch.

Wir___ Fußball Gern.

Ich_____Rohit.

SECTION-B

4. Konjugation Sie die Verben „haben“ und „sein“ (conjugate this two verbs)

(2x5=10)

5. Sich Vorstellen (Self Introduction)

(6)

6. Übersetzen Sie den Text auf Deutsch (translate the text in German).

(10)

My Family

My name is Akash.I live in a village (das Dorf).I live with my family. There are six family members in my family.

My father,mother,sister, grandmother and my grandfather. My father is a teacher .

My mother is a housewife. My grandfather is also a teacher. I love my family.



DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL RAMPURHAT

MID-TERM EXAMINATION

SESSION: 2024-2025

SUBJECT: GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

CLASS – VI

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No: _____

Invigilator's Sign:

Examiner's Sign:

Time Allowed: 45 Mins

Max. Marks: 25

Tick (✓) the correct answer:

(1X25=25)

1. Which one of the following is the most environment-friendly?
a. Incandescent bulb b. CFL c. Tube light d. Gas lights
2. Which of these gases is harmful for the ozone layer?
a. Carbon dioxide b. Hydrogen sulphide c. Hydrofluorocarbon d. Chlorofluorocarbon
3. Which of the following metals may be found in automobile exhaust and has been proved very dangerous for the environment?
a. Lithium b. Iron c. Lead d. Copper
4. Which of the following may be a result of global warming?
a. Hypercanes b. Skin Cancer c. Drought d. Volcanic eruptions
5. Which of the following is sometimes referred to as the worst waste of energy?
a. Electric fan b. Television c. Computer games d. Electric oven
6. Which of the following is an example of green energy?
a. Thermal power generation b. Nuclear power generation c. Tidal energy d. Geothermal Energy
7. Which of the following is not a green energy?
a. Power from rice husk b. Power from natural gas c. Solar power d. Wind Energy
8. Which of the following may be an after effect of ozone layer depletion?
a. Skin cancer b. Meltdown of the Antarctic ice sheets c. Heat waves d. Aurora Borealis
9. In our Constitution which schedule allocates seats for each state of India in the Rajya Sabha?
a. Fourth Schedule b. Third Schedule c. Second Schedule d. Seventh Schedule
10. How many states make up the 'sister states' of north-eastern India?
a. Six b. Five c. Seven d. Eight
11. Where would you find the famous building Burj Khalifa?
a. Beijing b. Dubai c. Chennai d. Osaka

12. Madagascar, Seychelles and Sri Lanka are islands on which ocean?
a. Southern Ocean b. The Pacific Ocean c. The Atlantic Ocean d. Indian Ocean
13. What is the largest part of the human brain ?
a. Cerebrum b. Cerebral c. Cerebellum d. Ceribrum
14. What is the topmost layer of the soil ?
a. Redsoil b. Topsoil c. Dust d. Humus
15. Puanchei is a type of straight long skirt worn with a shirt or top. It is worn by women of.....
a. West Bengal b. Kerala c. Mizoram d. Karnataka
16. "Mundum Neriyaathum" is the traditional dress worn by women of.....
a. Karnataka b. Kerala c. Gujarat d. West Bengal
17. Lugade is a form of sari worn by the women of.....
a. Mizoram b. Kerala c. Maharashtra d. Himachal Pradesh
18. Bomkai, Teliarumaal, Sambalpuri are types of sarees from the state of.....
a. Hyderabad b. Karnataka c. Maharashtra d. Odisha
19. Who became the first Indian to swim across the English Channel ?
a. Ramesh kumar b. Rajesh pal c. Mahesh Roy d. Mihir Sen
20. Who was the first Indian woman to receive the prestigious Booker prize for her novel The God of Small Things ?
a. Mallika Sen b. Puja pal c. Dipika Roy d. Arundhati Roy
21. Who is the first Indian to win a major non-fiction award, the Duff Cooper Prize, United Kingdom ?
a. Rajat kr. Mukherjee b. Sumanta Sharma c. Nirad C. Chaudhuri d. Niraj Ghosh
22. When was Dr. Rajendra Prasad elected as the President of India?
a. 26 January 1950 b. 26 January 1949 c. 26 January 1951 d. 26 January 1947
23. How many members of the Constituent Assembly signed the hand-written Constitution of India on January 24, 1950?
a. 274 Members b. 284 Members c. 442 Members d. 448 Members
24. Which article in the Indian Constitution says that there is no upper limit on the number of times a person can become the President of India?
a. Article 51 b. Article 55 c. Article 57 d. Article 75
25. Who appoints the Chief Justice and other judges of the Supreme Court of India?
a. All Ministers of India b. Vice President of India
c. Prime Minister of India d. President of India